



Geotechnical and soil-structure interaction analysis software

Summary brochure



Geotechnical / Soil-structure modelling

Unlike some structural analysis software, selected LUSAS Bridge and LUSAS Civil & Structural software products provide soils-specific and general structural engineering analysis tools to enable modelling of both ground and structure in a single model and software package.

Multiple analyses and branched analyses can be solved within each model, and state-of-the-art linear and quadratic element libraries; advanced material models; and linear and nonlinear joint models allow a range of soil-structure engineering problems to be assessed.

■ Constitutive soils models include Tresca, Von Mises, Drucker Prager, Duncan-Chang, Hoek-Brown, Mohr Coulomb, and Modified Cam Clay. Add two-phase material properties to selected materials to permit modelling the deformation of undrained/fully saturated and fully-drained/unsaturated porous media, and slow consolidation process. Specify draining and filling curves for partially drained materials.

■ Residual soil stress varying with depth can be accommodated providing useful facilities for soil-structure interaction for integral bridges and culverts. Rock joints, pore water pressure dissipation, consolidation modelling, geotechnical problems involving long term excavation, construction in clays, and temporary works can all be solved.

Calculate initial stress states providing K0 data and apply to any ground profile.

■ Model the variation of soil properties with depth by defining soil profile variations, with LUSAS interpolating between defined locations.

Use nonlinear springs to model active/passive soil joints. Interface meshes permit joining of the soil / structure. Gain / loss of contact, and skin friction can be considered.

Specify a matrix of properties to represent a pilecap sitting on a group of piles in a 3D model.

Use branched analyses to carry out Phi-c reduction stability checks for soil represented by Mohr-Coulomb or Hoek-Brown material models.

■ Use the tri-linear (active/passive) earth pressure joint material wizard to simplify the modelling of a variety of soil-structure interaction problems, creating a piecewise linear joint material attribute with properties that vary with depth. Define multiple attributes to represent layers of soil or changes in properties due to the presence of water.













Typical Applications

LUSAS software is used in all areas of civil and structural engineering for linear, nonlinear, seismic, blast, buckling, impact and thermal/field analysis. It can be used on all types of structures from simple slabs, buildings, towers and tanks through to heavy civil engineering structures such as dams, docks and tunnels. Geotechnical and soilstructure interaction capabilities include:

Construction sequence modelling - involving excavation / construction with insertion and removal of temporary members used for propping and jacking etc.

Embankment /slope stability assessments and stability checks on adjacent structures due to temporary excavation.

■ Backfilling of excavations and cut and cover tunnel structures.

Settlement and consolidation including pore water pressure modelling.

Dewatering and seepage modelling of partially saturated fluid flow through porous media, such as seepage of water through an earth dam, where the position of the phreatic surface is of interest.

■ Modal and time history dynamics involving material damping, nonlinear behaviour, soil plasticity, boundary behaviour and springs/dampers.

■ Soil-structure interaction analysis including vibration analysis from pile driving impact assessments on nearby buildings and response of buildings to emitted vibrations from rail tunnels.

Lateral displacement analysis of piles and pile groups

■ Integral bridges

















Results and Analysis Options

Results

■ Results can be generated in global or local directions, in element directions, or at any specified orientation, combined and enveloped and viewed on separate layers for diagram, contour, vector and discrete value data. Results can be plotted on multiple slices cut through 3D solid models on arbitrary planes.

Graphing of data includes the ability to plot results for a line section through a 2D surface model, or a slice through a 3D model.

Animations of results - particularly useful for animating construction/ excavation stages and viewing of the effect of seismic events - are supported.

Selected modelling, loadcase and results data can output in a report format for quality assurance, model checking, and results listing purposes.

Results can be selectively output to spreadsheet applications for additional external calculation and graphing uses.

Analysis options

■ The Nonlinear analysis option is used to solve problems having large deformations, material nonlinearity and complex boundary conditions. When combined with the LUSAS Dynamic and Thermal / Field software options problems in which the effects of time and temperature are important can be solved.

■ The LUSAS Dynamics analysis option provides the means to analyse the propagation of waves through the soil, as caused by seismic loading or by construction activities, in order to assess their influence on structures.

■ The LUSAS Thermal / Field analysis option contains extensive facilities for both simple and advanced steady state, and transient thermal / field analyses.

■ The LUSAS IMDPlus analysis option extends the Interactive Modal Dynamics (IMD) techniques which model a single loading event in a single direction, to analyze multiple loading events such as required for seismic response analysis of 2D and 3D structures subjected to acceleration time histories.

in summary

Use for:

- Soil-structure interaction analysis
- Excavation and construction
- Embankment /slope stability
- Construction sequence
- Settlement and consolidation
- Dewatering and seepage analysis
- Modal and time-history dynamics
- Pile and pile group analysis
- Retaining walls
- Tunnelling / cut and cover tunnels
- Dams, docks, heavy engineering
- LNG tank, silo and turbine bases
- Integral bridge

...and more



